

MONG KE, now the Great Khan, decided to impose iron control over the Muslim world. He sent his brother HUL AGU against BAGDAD. Besieging the city, Hulagu breached the walls and killed the Caliph - thus ending the 500-yr-old ABBASID Caliphate. All the inhabitants of the city, except Christians, were slaughtered.

1258

1912 Dates J-BK

End of the Caliphate of BAG DAD.

the Abbasid Bagdad fell to the Mongols in 1258

The Abbassids were the last Arab rulers of the Islamic empire. In time imperial sway passed to the SELJUK, and then the OTTOMAN, Turks who conquered Syria, Egypt and Arabia, extended their dominion over Mesopotamia and the Balkans.

and finally destroyed by zantian

Under the Ottomans, the offices
of sultan and Caliph were merged

In the 18th century, the Sultans
called themselves Caliphs

1258

1912 Dates J-BK

Italy & Germany

MANFRED, son of Frederick II,
chancellor of the two Sicilies for
the minor King CONRADIN, son of
CONRAD II; later (1258) King.

Charles of ANJOU was given the crown
by the Pope.

1258

1912 Dates J-BK

England

PARLIAMENT of Oxford.

Procesors of Oxford, a list of
grievances presented by the burgesses.

AD 1258

Mongols sack Baghdad, end of
a 600 year Caliphate